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Address all communications to "THE CHRONICLE," The Dalles, Oregon.

The Baker City board of trade is in a comatose condition. It sleeps so soundly that the *Blade* is asking the question: "Is the Baker City board of trade dead?"

The large flock of turkey buzzards that were seen a short time ago in Unmatilla county have been taken to indicate that they are going to have a hard winter up that way.

The difference between the platforms of the Colorado democrat and Colorado republicans on the silver question is well illustrated by the difference between six and half a dozen.

The banks of Unmatilla county have a million dollars on deposit, while the county this year produced \$250 for every man, woman and child within her borders. This is a record that any county might be proud of.

The preachers of Seattle have invited their chief of police to deliver a lecture before them on the subject of gambling. No doubt the chief will be able to give the brethren some valuable pointers that may help them to fight the evil all the more intelligently.

A great deal more gold is expected to come to the United States this fall and winter than the total amount that went out last spring. This influx is due not only to the export of grain but English capitalists have been investing heavily in American securities.

At a late meeting of the Salem grange a resolution was adopted, addressed to the state grange legislative committee to the effect that no property shall be exempt from taxation except for indebtedness as assessed in the county. The object is to have every dollar stricken from the assessment rolls accounted for in some way and this is something that our law-makers have never attempted.

Professor Rork, state lecturer of the Oregon farmers' alliance has a refreshingly frank way with him. Speaking of his charges for traveling around the country and delivering lectures he says: "People do not understand our arrangements as to lectures and pay. All we ask is an honest effort to get an audience and a collection." This would satisfy most anybody in the lecturing business.

You pay your money and take your choice. On the heels of the statement that there never was a pound of tin produced in the United States comes the information that the Tecumseh, Calif., mines have a plant that cost \$300,000 and that only a few days ago 22,829 pounds of tin have been shipped to manufacturers and that the tin is of as good quality as that mined in the East Indian possessions of England and Holland.

The Chicago *Tribune*, in the course of an article on the demand abroad for our products says that agents of the French government have, during the past three weeks given order for fully 2,000,000 barrels of flour and 25,000,000 bushels of grain, and further states that the potato crop in Europe is only 65 per cent of an average one. Taking this shortage on such an immense crop makes the old world short equal to 500,000,000 to 700,000,000 bushels of grain.

Those who are demanding the Sunday closing of the world's fair have met with a class of allies where they least expected. They seem to have the impression that if the fair should be kept closed on Sundays the visitors would crowd into the churches. But the Chicago saloon keepers know human nature a little better and they are earnestly seconding the pious efforts of the Sabbatharians, well knowing that the success of the Sunday closing movement means thousands of dollars in their own pockets.

At a meeting of the county alliance held at Milton, Unmatilla county, a few days ago, a resolution was passed declaring against an alliance third party. It was resolved that the alliance is not a party or partisan. It is a fraternal, not a political, organization, whose purpose is to advance the best interests of the farmers. The election of good, honest men to positions of trust and responsibility is favored. Beyond this the alliance does not go. On these lines the alliance is capable of doing an untold amount of good.

And Charles Stewart Parnell is dead! He was a busy life and after all he did a great work for Ireland, the credit of which the world will more readily accord him, now that the passion and factional bitterness that his presence fostered, ought to be buried in the grave with him. It is best that Parnell is gone. His work was done when his scandalous connection with Mrs. O'Shea was first revealed, but what a different place he would have held in Irish history had he "shuffled off this mortal coil" before this revelation was made. As it is the death of Parnell removes the only reasonable excuse for factional bitterness and division among many of Ireland's best friends, which scarcely anything less than his death could have given hopes of removal.

Shrewd observers of political affairs strongly suspect that David B. Hill would not be utterly heart-broken should the republicans elect their governor this year and in confirmation of their theory they point to Hill's speech at Malone in which he advocated the passage of a law reducing the rate of interest from 5 to 6 per cent. This feature of his address is considered significant from the fact that Mr. Flower was one of a delegation of bankers which went to Albany to defeat that measure when it was before the last legislature. It is suspected that Hill's advocacy of the measure, in his Malone speech, was one of those sly, intentional blows that are sometimes delivered in houses of friends

aspirations as the only democrat who can carry the state of New York.

It rain-maker Melbourne is a fraud, he has a singular way of doing business. We understand he acts upon the principle of certain physicians who advertise "no cure no pay." If Melbourne is hired to produce rain and no rain comes nobody is out anything but himself. This is eminently fair and would indicate that he, at least has faith in his own powers. It appears he has entered into a contract with a committee at Cheyenne to produce a certain number of inches of water at or near that place during the months of May, June and July 1892 and, in the event of his failure, to receive nothing for his trouble. Melbourne would be a very handy man to have around here during these same months, if he can do all he pretends to do.

The Boston *Weekly Advertiser* of October 2 has the following remarks on the present condition of the wool market: "A year ago the market was active, as the McKinley bill had been signed by the president and was to become a law on October 6. Manufacturers who had been holding back in doubt whether the new bill would become a law, were satisfied and jumped in after wool which they expected would go higher. The present market, after a year of the new tariff, shows a quiet steady tone, with the raw material considerably lower than a year ago notwithstanding the fact that the duty on fine wool was increased one cent per pound with carpet grades even more. The action of the higher duty, as shown by the past year's experience, proves that the price of a product does not depend on the tariff on that article but is determined by supply and demand. The supply of wool in this country has been sufficient to meet manufacturers wants and they are able to buy their raw material in many cases below what they were forced to pay on a lower duty. There can be no doubt that these statements are true, but if so what is to be said of those who insist that all our domestic woolen goods are higher than they were before the McKinley law went into effect? If the raw material is lower the manufactured goods ought not to be higher and as a matter of fact they are not but the contrary."

Chauncey M. Depew has given to the world a picture of the dark side of London life as he saw it some time ago, when he dressed himself in the garb of a costermonger and made a tour through the notorious Whitechapel district. He tells us he saw rags held up for sale that nowhere in America would find a place except in the ash barrel and the shaman in picking them over would refuse to carry them home. Such poverty, such misery, such wretchedness and such a seething furnace of ignorance and all that attends upon helplessness, he never saw before and never expects to see again. Miserable as these people have always been their misery is a thousand fold intensified by pauper immigration.

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The Russian Nobles Charging High Prices for Corn While the People Starve.

Dr. Briggs Trial to be Held Nov. 4th--In the United States Courts.

The Acts of the Jury are Legal--Attacked by Indians--Killed by the Cars.

London, Oct. 6.—Newspapers at St. Petersburg denounce the conduct of merchants and members of the nobility for seeking profit from their stores of corn while poor peasants are starving. They make a strong appeal to the government to revoke the edict prohibiting the export of rye and substitute therefor a heavy tax on the exportation of all cereals. Reports come from Boku distric and elsewhere to the effect that thousands of persons are dying from starvation.

Dr. Briggs' Trial to Begin.

New York, Oct. 6.—The New York Presbytery resumed its work this morning. After some routine work was disposed of, Rev. A. Schiland of the committee appointed to answer Dr. Briggs' protest of May 11th, rose and read his report and Dr. Birch, chairman of the prosecuting committee announced that he was about to furnish Dr. Briggs with a copy of the indictment and the arrangement with accused trial set for Wednesday, November 4th. The trial will be public in all probability, although the manner of conducting the trial is yet to be decided upon.

In the United States Court.

Washington, Oct. 6.—At the October term of the United States court which meets next Monday the first case to come up will be that of Thomas Henry Cooper owner of the schooner *Sayward*, brought to test on the question of jurisdiction of the United States over the seal fisheries in the Behring sea. The lottery cases are set down for argument after the *Sayward* case is disposed of. The cases involve the question of the constitutionality of the recent anti-lottery legislation. Following this will be heard a number of cases bearing upon the constitutionality of the McKinley tariff bill.

Snow in Minnesota.

St. Paul, Oct. 6.—A dispatch from Lawrence in Southern Minnesota says: "It is snowing here today and work in the fields has been suspended."

Snow in Kansas City.

Kansas City, Oct. 6.—Snow began falling here at 9 o'clock this morning and continued for about an hour. This is the first snowfall here of the season.

The Jury's Acts Legal.

San Francisco, Oct. 6.—Attorney General Hart filed a lengthy writ of review in the supreme court today touching upon the impeachment of the present grand jury. The court, Justice McFarlane being the only one absent, decided that the case presented no points in the controversy that could be taken up by the supreme court and dismissed the writ. Attorney General Hart in an interview some time later claimed that this course virtually established the legality of the jury's acts.

Attacked by Indians.

Washington, Oct. 6.—The department of state was informed by the legation of the United States at Lima, that the report of the assassination of four American miners at Cajamallilla, Peru, is incorrect. An attack was made on them by Indians and one miner was killed. The others escaped with the loss of all their property.

Attempt to Blow up the Palace.

Tientsin, Oct. 5.—A communication here today when it became known that an attempt was made to blow up the Episcopal palace. A porter in the palace found a large petard or bomb in one of the hallways. Attached to the petard was a burning fuse. The porter immediately pulled the fuse from the petard and extinguished it. The matter is being thoroughly investigated.

Railroad Accident.

Santa Rosa, Cal., Oct. 6.—Three carpenter named Ceres, Brown and Proctor at work on a bridge on a narrow gauge road near Tomales, were killed this morning by being run into by a train. They were working with a large gang of men at the time several others of the gang also being injured.

Insular Troops on the Frontier.

Ruda-Pesth, Oct. 5.—Pester-Lloyd today publishes a sensational article declaring that the Russian government is making an enormous concentration of troops on the banks of the Pruth. According to the story, a large tract of land near the Pruth, is now swarming with Russian soldiers, for whose accommodation spacious huts have been erected.

Herold from Valparaiso, Chili, states that as the date of election draws near, rumors about candidates for the office of president increase in number. Among those prominently mentioned is Senator Irarrazaval. It is understood, however, that a majority of leaders are in favor of tendering the honor to Adolfo Jorje Montt, who, with Waldo Silva and Ramon Barros Lazo form the widely-celebrated Junta de gobierno. In fact, it is reported that he has already been urged to allow his name to be used as a candidate. No one could be selected who could satisfy all the factions as Adolfo Montt would. Word has reached here of the arrival of the flagship San Francisco at Payta, Peru, of her orders from the American government to return to Valparaiso, and of her putting into Callao harbor on her return to this city. The news has not been received pleasantly here. The Chileans regard her return with undisguised favor.

Natural Gas for Stockton.

Stockton, Cal., Oct. 4.—The Stockton Gas company has bought the gas flow of John Jackson's big natural well, and is running the pipe to the company's works. It is said when the connections are made the old company will stop the manufacture of gas and force the old product to the people at \$1 per 1000 feet. The Jackson well has a daily flow of about 1,000,000 feet, which is more than this city consumes. The old gas company has expended \$28,000 in boring a gas well, but met trouble in dropping a big tool in the well. They have been drilling out the lost tool for seven months past, and expect to soon have it removed. The city is pretty well lighted with natural gas.

THE PEAK IS CHANGED.

Mount Jefferson Presents a Strange Night.

Salem, Or., Oct. 7.—People here living in sight of Mount Jefferson are deceived by an optical illusion, or the snow has slipped from one side of the mountain, leaving the surface as level as that of Table rock. Persons have been looking at the mountain today with glasses, and each time a flat top where the snow-capped peak formerly stood was greeted their gaze. It is possible that it is an atmospheric phenomenon similar to the mirage. In any case, the shape of the mountain seems materially changed.

COAL OIL LAMP DID IT.

It Resulted in the Death of a Mother and Three Children.

Wilbur, Oct. 7.—It is ascertained that the fire at Wilbur Sunday morning, in which Mrs. Wagner and three children lost their lives, was caused by the overturning of a coal oil lamp, which exploded when upset. Mrs. Wagner lost her life in trying to save her children. Two were buried to death and the third died after thirty-two hours of intense suffering. The mother and three children were buried Monday afternoon in one grave. A subscription was raised for the family, which was left penniless.

UNVEILING OF GRANT'S STATUE.

It is Accompanied With Much Speech-Making and Military Display.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Under a leaden sky from which rain had been falling at intervals during the day, in the presence of a great throng of people, the bronze statue of the late General U. S. Grant, was unveiled today. An impressive hush fell on the vast assemblage when General Walter Q. Gresham, orator of the day, advanced to the front of the platform. On either side and beside the speaker distinguished guests were given places. Among them were Mrs. Grant, her white hair showing beneath her widow's bonnet. Massed in front were nearly twenty thousand uniformed men, infantry, cavalry and artillery, both regular and state militia, veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic. Bright plumed Knights of Pythias and many many similar semi-military and civic organizations and back of them the general public, and beyond an imposing array of nearly 200 vessels profusely decked with bunting. Leading up to this was a superb column of infantry in formation on the lake from three miles distant. The command of the grand parade and its march to the statue was under Major-General Nelson A. Miles, of the United States Army. The procession was headed by a platoon of police, followed in order by the United States regulars from Fort Sheridan, infantry, cavalry and artillery, grand army veterans, including the society of the Army of Tennessee, Cumberland and Potomac, distinguished guests in carriages, including Secretary Noble, Senator J. C. Sherman, Governor Flier, of Connecticut, Governor Flier, of Illinois, and Mrs. John A. Logan. Next came the G. A. R. veteran post of the northwest, forming an entire division. Then veterans and the society of ex-comrades, closing with the civic societies. At the monument Bishop John P. Newman offered prayer. Then Col. E. S. Taylor presented the monument on behalf of the monument association to the commissioners of Lincoln park. The unveiling followed and Governor Gresham then delivered his address. The statue is of bronze, eighteen feet high, and represents General Grant seated on horseback, both animal and man in a position of rest. The general grasps a field glass in his right hand with the glass resting upon his thigh as after taking careful survey of the field.

Oregon State Board of Commerce Meets.

Portland, Oct. 7.—The annual meeting of the Oregon State Board of Commerce was called in order at 1:30 this afternoon. There were present twenty-two delegates representing Eugene, Grants Pass, LaGrande, Oregon City and Portland. There are fourteen towns as yet unrepresented. The report of the treasurer shows the board to have a balance on hand of \$1,000.00. The subject is now being discussed.

Accident by Fire.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 8.—The Parker, Webb & Co. packing house was damaged to the amount of \$100,000 by fire this morning. One man was burned to death and a dozen others seriously burned and injured.

Government Building in San Francisco.

Washington, Oct. 8.—The commission to select a site for public buildings in San Francisco, selected a site at the corner of Seventh and Mission streets. The price is \$1,040,000.

Will Prohibit the Exportation of Wheat.

Berlin, Oct. 7.—The Bourse is depressed on account of the rumors that Russia intends to prohibit the exportation of wheat after October 15th.

The New Perce Reservation.

Guthrie, O. T., Oct. 7.—Reliable information has been received from Washington that the New Perce reservation in the heart of the Cherokee strip is to be declared open by President Harrison in a short time. There are over 500 quarter sections of the richest land in the territory in the reservation.

DEATH OF TARNELL.

The Great Irish Leader Dies at His Home After Less Than a Week's Illness.

Grant's Statue Unveiled Midst Great Military Display--Walter Q. Gresham Orator of the Day.

The Oregon State Board of Commerce Meets Today--Naval Force of Australia.

London, Oct. 7.—Great Britain and Ireland were startled this morning by the utterly unlooked-for announcement that Charles Stuart Parnell, the noted Irish leader, died suddenly yesterday evening in Brighton. It has been known that Parnell has not enjoyed the best of health for years, and it has been noted widely commented upon that since the O'Shea divorce developments and political trouble came upon him, the great Irish member of parliament has grown thinner, and that he has perceptibly aged in appearance. But nobody expected to hear of his death and no inkling as to his illness had reached the newspapers. He died at his home in Walsingham terrace, Brighton, at 11:30 o'clock, yesterday evening. His death is said to have been indirectly due to a chill with which he was attacked last week and which at first was not regarded as serious. Parnell, however, grew worse, and his physician was called in with the result that the patient was Friday last, and from that time Parnell lost strength and finally succumbed. The exact nature of his disease is not known at present. From the day he took to his bed however, the state of Parnell's health was such as to require the constant attendance of two physicians, but in spite of their untiring efforts to prolong or save his life, Parnell gradually sank lower and lower, until he expired in the arms of Mrs. Parnell, who is utterly prostrated by the shock.

THE UNION TRAGEDY.

The Peculiar Verdict of the Coroner's Jury.

USION, Or., Oct. 7.—The coroner's jury impeached to inquire into the cause of the death of Mrs. Mary E. Summers, after an examination lasting all day yesterday and this forenoon, brought in a verdict that she came to her death by voluntarily drowning herself in a ditch. This was the body which was found yesterday morning in an irrigating ditch in this city. As her hands were tied behind her it was feared there had been foul play, but the jury was unable to find any evidence of foul play, and the place upon which to base such a conclusion. The body was buried this afternoon in the Union cemetery.

McKinley and Campbell.

Ada, Oct. 8.—For several weeks a joint debate between Governor Campbell and Major McKinley has been referred to as impending. The battle of the giants, and the discussion today fully demonstrated that they are indeed peerless as exponents of high and low tariff respectively. The people and marching clubs came from all over the state and while much enthusiasm was displayed in the friendly rivalry and the McKinley "American tin" badges were worn by Campbell quoting "American wool at thirty-four cents on account of the McKinley bill."

Wanted to Commit Suicide.

NIAGARA FALLS, Oct. 7.—A man entered the American express office this morning and said he wanted to send his watch and money home to Louisville, Ky. The attention of Chief of Police Dana was directed to the man, and, after a little watching, he was arrested. He gave his name as Shaunan, and said he lived at Louisville, and had come to the Falls to commit suicide from Prospect Park, but when he saw the popular jumping place his nerve failed and he returned to town and drank several cocktails to brace himself, and had started to make another attempt when he was arrested. He was allowed to leave for Buffalo.

Speeding the New Torpedo-Boat.

Newport, R. I., Oct. 7.—The official trial of Patrick torpedo-boat No. 3 was made off this port yesterday before the naval torpedo board, consisting of Commander Converse and Lieutenants Bradbury and McLane. The run was made against wind and sea, the latter showing a strength of half a knot per hour. The boat was only run once and developed a speed of 2:33 1/2 for a mile. The first half mile was made in 1:06.

Preparation to Divide the State.

Denver, Colo., Oct. 7.—It is reported here that at a meeting of the western Colorado congress a proposition will be made to divide the state, the dividing line to be the transcontinental divide. The west half claims they are unable to secure fair treatment from the railroads.

French are Flooding In.

Berlin, Oct. 7.—Many French have recently taken advantage of the relaxation of the passport system, and are flocking into Metz and Strasbourg in great numbers. The detective and police forces in those cities have been doubled, and all French are under strict espionage.

A \$200,000 Blaze.

New York, Oct. 8.—A fire this morning destroyed a five story brown stone mansion at 101 Fifth Avenue, owned by Mrs. Howard Cutting and occupied by August Belmont. The occupants had a narrow escape from death. The loss was \$200,000.

Speculation as to Who Will Succeed William H. Smith.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—The death of William H. Smith continues to be almost the sole topic of discussion. He was the right-hand man of Lord Salisbury, and the only commander with whom the aristocratic premier unbent. While there are able men left in the Tory ranks, and Mr. Smith had his superiors in ability, he had no superior in his capacity to hold and command the good will of his hearers in and out of parliament. He was almost alone in his popularity with the multitude. They always looked upon him as one of themselves, who had won a higher place than his by his nobility and who never was ashamed of his origin. With Mr. Smith as house leader for the unionist party, it was difficult for the liberals to proclaim that their opponents were all of them aristocrats and out of touch with the common people. His death leaves the unionist party without a really popular member of the cabinet. Goschen, who is mentioned as his successor, has none of the magnetism of Smith. He started in life as the son of a rich London merchant, and, unlike Smith, he never saw anything of the serious struggle for existence.

State Board of Commerce.

PORTLAND, Oct. 8.—The state board of commerce today elected the following officers: President, T. F. Osburn, re-elected; Secretary, Charles Randolph, re-elected; executive committee, J. P. Farrell, Baker City; J. D. Malock, Eugene; R. A. Booth, Grants Pass; B. W. Granby, A. J. Apperson, McMinnville; J. T. Apperson, Oregon City; C. H. Dodd, Portland; C. W. Town, Coos Bay; D. S. K. Buick, Roseburg and M. C. Arthur, Coquille. The following were elected as a committee to secure subscriptions for the world's fair exhibition: J. T. Apperson, Oregon City; C. H. Dodd, Portland; S. M. Yoren, Eugene; S. White, Baker City; M. Garrigus, Coos Bay. After the meeting adjourned the world's fair committee met and effected an organization by the election of C. H. Dodd, president and Charles Randolph, secretary.

THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.

Report That Queen Liliuokalani May Die at Any Moment.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 6.—The Examiner has advised from Honolulu to the effect that Queen Liliuokalani has been taken ill with serious fainting spells, and her physician, Dr. Trosseau, has pronounced her trouble organic disease of the heart, for which he can suggest no remedy. Death, it is stated, may occur at any moment. The queen has been advised of the worst and has made her will. The Honolulu press is silent on the subject, but it is known that all the political factions are busily at work. It is stated no one can be found who will all factions will agree upon for regent to hold power during the minority of the heiress to the throne, Princess Kaiulani, who is now finishing her education in England. The father of the princess is an Englishman, with pronounced English sympathies, and the opinion is expressed that in the event of Kaiulani's accession to the throne the islands will be placed under English control. The native sentiment is preponderating in favor of an American protectorate in some form.

Why the Schooner Otto was Seized.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The statement contained in a dispatch from Ottawa, published in the papers, that the British sealer *Otto* was seized by the United States ship *Mohican*, on account of an irregularity in her papers, is pronounced at the navy department as without the slightest foundation. Reports have been received at the navy department from Commander Colton, commanding the *Mohican*, which shows the *Otto* was seized August 31, for violation of the modus vivendi; that she was taken in the Behring sea, twenty miles northwest of Unimak Pass, within the full seal of the United States, and that she was on outfit and sixty-eight miles on board. It further appears that five days before the seizure was made Commander Colton had received an official letter from Commander Turner, senior British naval officer at Ounahka, stating that he considered the *Otto* a just and lawful capture. No question arose in reference to her papers. The *Otto* was delivered two days after her capture to the commanding officer of her majesty's ship *Pheasant* at Ounahka.

The Report Not Confirmed.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 6.—Dr. Pinaro Oanelas, Mexican consul in this city, was asked concerning the alleged massacre of nearly 200 white colonists in Salancingo district, state of Hidalgo, Mexico, by Indians. He stated the published reports were the first intimation he had received of the affair, although he receives daily reports by telegraph from the seat of government of Mexico. "I am convinced," said he, "that the report is unfounded, or that it has been greatly exaggerated. The story of the massacre, as given by Parton, looks very improbable, to say the least. I have telegraphed the secretary of foreign affairs in the City of Mexico asking him as to the truth of the report."

To Stop Bull Fighting.

Berlin, Oct. 6.—The Belgian authorities are taking steps to put a stop to the bull fights which have recently disgraced the town of Spa. The fighting has aroused the indignation of English tourists and others, who made representations on the subject to the police, with a result that the sport is to be forbidden in the future.

A Cargo of Salmon.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 8.—The steamer *Jennie* arrived yesterday from Prince Williams sound with a cargo of 77,000 cases of salmon for J. N. Knowles. The *Jennie* brought down eight white men and 100 Chinamen who had been employed in the canneries at Cook's Inlet.

John Redmond as Leader.

DUBLIN, Oct. 8.—At a meeting today of the Parnellite party in West Lane, resolutions calling for John Redmond to assume the leadership were passed.

The Portage Locomotive Has Arrived.

CASCADE LOCKS, Or., Oct. 8.—The locomotive and all the extras arrived here today at 10 a. m. G. J. FARLEY.

Chicago Wheat Market.

CHICAGO, October 8.—Close, wheat steady, cash 97; December 99 1/2; May 1.05 1/2.

Portland Wheat Market.

PORTLAND, October 8.—Wheat, valley, 1.50; Walls Walls, 1.40.

It Will be Public. A Committee of Irish Members of Parliament will be in Attendance.

A Report from the Sandwich Islands That Queen Liliuokalani May Die at Any Moment.

Why the British Schooner Otto was Seized--The Reported Massacre Not Confirmed.

BRIGHTON, Oct. 8.—Mrs. Parnell is still prostrated with grief and it is thought weak and exhausted from her long watching and the terrible shock she experienced. She positively refuses to partake of any food or refreshment, and will only see her daughter. A family council will be held today and the necessary arrangements for the funeral will be made, after a consultation is had with the committee of Irish members of parliament, who have been deputed to take part in the services.

It has been decided to hold a post mortem examination of the body of Parnell, with a view of settling definitely the cause of his death. John Dillon and William O'Brien were asked for an expression of their views in regard to the death of Parnell. Both distinctly refused saying anything upon the subject. A dispatch from Brighton says the doctor's certificate states that Parnell's death was caused by rheumatic fever, which resulted in excessive temperature and failure of the heart. It was decided at the family council held this afternoon that the Parnell remains should be accorded a public funeral and that the body be interred at Avondale, in the county of Wicklow, Ireland, where the dead leader was born.

Dr. Gowers, J., and William Richard Gowers, F. R. L., of Bath, who were in attendance upon Parnell during his last sickness said his death was due to acute rheumatism and congestion of the lungs.

ADMINISTRATOR NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL whom it may concern that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of Wm. A. O'Garra, deceased, by the Honorable the County Court of Wasco county, Oregon. All persons having claims against said deceased or his estate are hereby required to present the same to the undersigned at the office of J. D. Duffur, Watkins & Menefee, in The Dalles, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice.

Dated October 2, 1891. JULIA A. O'BARR, Administrator of the Estate of Wm. A. O'Garra, deceased.

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Weather bureau, department of agriculture, Station, The Dalles, Oregon, for the month of September, 1891.

DATE	TEMP.	WIND	MOON	REL. HUM.	WIND DIR.	WIND VELOCITY	WIND FORCE	WIND VELOCITY	WIND FORCE
1	68	86	59	61					
2	67	86	46	61					
3	67	86	37	61					
4	67	86	28	61					
5	67	86	19	61					
6	67	86	10	61					
7	67	86	1	61					
8	67								